UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2026

or

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from_____ to_____

Commission File Number 001-42904

21Shares Solana ETF
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware	39-6900299
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

158 W. 27th Street
New York, New York 10001
(646) 370-6016
(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's primary executive offices)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class:	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered:
Shares of Beneficial Interest of 21Shares Solana ETF	TSOL	Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc.

Securities registered or to be registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. ☒ Yes ☐ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). ☒ Yes ☐ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer	☐	Accelerated Filer	☐
Non-Accelerated Filer	☒	Smaller Reporting Company	☒
Emerging Growth Company	☒		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided in Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.). ☐ Yes ☒ No

The registrant had 360,000 outstanding shares as of May 11, 2026.

STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q includes "forward-looking statements" that generally relate to future events or future performance. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "expect," "intend," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. All statements (other than statements of historical fact) included in this report that address activities, events or developments that will or may occur in the future, including such matters as movements in the digital asset markets and indexes that track such movements, the operations of 21Shares Solana ETF (the "Trust"), the plans of 21Shares US LLC (the "Sponsor"), as the sponsor of the Trust, and references to the Trust's future success and other similar matters, are forward-looking statements. These statements are only predictions. Actual events or results may differ materially. These statements are based upon certain assumptions and analyses the Sponsor has made based on its perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors appropriate in the circumstances.

Whether or not actual results and developments will conform to the Sponsor's expectations and predictions, however, is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, including the special considerations discussed in this report, general economic, market and business conditions, changes in laws or regulations, including those concerning taxes, made by governmental authorities or regulatory bodies, and other world economic and political developments. Consequently, all the forward-looking statements made in this report are qualified by these cautionary statements, and there can be no assurance that actual results or developments the Sponsor anticipates to occur will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that they will result in the expected consequences to, or have the expected effects on, the Trust's operations or the value of its common shares of beneficial interest (the "Shares").

Should one or more of these risks discussed in "Risk Factors" herein or in Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 31, 2026, for the period ended December 31, 2025 (the "Annual Report"), or other uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual outcomes may vary materially from those described in forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are made based on the Sponsor's belief, estimates and opinions on the date the statements are made, and neither the Trust nor the Sponsor is under a duty or undertakes an obligation to update forward-looking statements if these beliefs, estimates and opinions or other circumstances should change, other than as required by applicable laws. Moreover, neither the Trust, the Sponsor, nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of any of these forward-looking statements. Investors are therefore cautioned against placing undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

EMERGING GROWTH COMPANY

The Trust is an "emerging growth company" as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act"). For as long as the Trust is an emerging growth company, unlike other public companies, it will not be required to, among other things: (i) provide an auditor's attestation report on management's assessment of the effectiveness of our system of internal control over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002; or (ii) comply with any new audit rules adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board after April 5, 2012, unless the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") determines otherwise.

The Trust will cease to be an "emerging growth company" upon the earliest of (i) it having $1.235 billion or more in annual gross revenues, (ii) the date on which the Trust is deemed to be a "large accelerated filer" (iii) it issuing more than $1.0 billion of non-convertible debt over a three-year period or (iv) the last day of the fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of its initial public offering.

In addition, Section 107 of the JOBS Act also provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), for complying with new or revised accounting standards. In other words, an emerging growth company can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. The Trust intends to take advantage of the benefits of the extended transition period.

21SHARES SOLANA ETF

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION:

Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

21SHARES SOLANA ETF
STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2025
Assets		
Investment in solana, at fair value (cost $4,629,710 and $6,518,230, respectively)	$ 2,877,478	$ 5,770,226
Total assets	2,877,478	5,770,226
Liabilities		
Staking Fee payable	–	19,187
Sponsor Fee payable	964	8,334
Block Rewards payable	–	7,686
Total liabilities	964	35,207
Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 8)		
Net assets	$ 2,876,514	$ 5,735,019
Net assets consists of		
Paid-in-capital	$ 8,451,318	$ 9,882,665
Accumulated earnings (loss)	(5,574,804)	(4,147,646)
	$ 2,876,514	$ 5,735,019
Shares issued and outstanding, no par value, unlimited amount authorized	360,000	460,000
Net asset value per share	$ 7.99	$ 12.47

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

21SHARES SOLANA ETF
SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENT

March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)

	Quantity of solana	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets
Investment in solana*	34,827.8677	$ 4,629,710	$ 2,877,478	100.03%
Total investments	34,827.8677	$ 4,629,710	$ 2,877,478	100.03%
Liabilities in excess of other assets			(964)	(0.03)%
Net assets			$ 2,876,514	100.00%

December 31, 2025

	Quantity of solana	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets
Investment in solana**	46,545.3446	$ 6,518,230	$ 5,770,226	100.61%
Total investments	46,545.3446	$ 6,518,230	$ 5,770,226	100.61%
Liabilities in excess of other assets			(35,207)	(0.61)%
Net assets			$ 5,735,019	100.00%

* 0.00% of solana held was staked as of March 31, 2026 - See Note 2.
** 95.55% of solana held was staked as of December 31, 2025 - See Note 2.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

21SHARES SOLANA ETF
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2026* (Unaudited)
Investment income	
Staking Rewards	$ 23,355
Total income	23,355
Expenses	
Sponsor Fee	2,028
Staking Fee	2,336
Total expenses	4,364
Net investment income	18,991
Realized and change in unrealized gain (loss)	
Net realized loss on in-kind liabilities paid	(1,943)
Net realized loss on investment in solana sold to pay Sponsor Fee	(3,801)
Net realized loss on investment in solana sold for income distribution	(86,471)
Net realized loss on investment in solana sold for redemptions	(232,315)
Net change in unrealized depreciation on investment in solana	(1,004,228)
Net change in unrealized gain on Sponsor Fee payable	2,789
Net realized and change in unrealized loss	(1,325,969)
Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations	$ (1,306,978)

* No comparative financial statements have been provided as the Trust did not have any operations as of March 31, 2025.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

21SHARES SOLANA ETF
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2026* (Unaudited)
Net assets, beginning of period	$ 5,735,019
Contributions for Shares issued	311,008
Distributions for Shares redeemed	(1,742,355)
Income distribution	(120,180)
Net investment income	18,991
Net realized loss on in-kind liabilities paid	(1,943)
Net realized loss on investment in solana sold to pay Sponsor Fee	(3,801)
Net realized loss on investment in solana sold for income distribution	(86,471)
Net realized loss on investment in solana sold for redemptions	(232,315)
Net change in unrealized depreciation on investment in solana	(1,004,228)
Net change in unrealized gain on Sponsor Fee payable	2,789
Net assets, end of period	$ 2,876,514
Shares issued and redeemed	
Shares issued	40,000
Shares redeemed	(140,000)
Net increase (decrease) in Shares issued	(100,000)

* No comparative financial statements have been provided as the Trust did not have any operations as of March 31, 2025.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

21SHARES SOLANA ETF
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. Organization

The 21Shares Solana ETF (the "Trust") is a Delaware statutory trust, formed on June 3, 2024, pursuant to the Delaware Statutory Trust Act ("DSTA"). The Trust was initially registered with the name of Jura Pentium Trust 1. The Trust changed its name from Jura Pentium Trust 1 to 21Shares Core Solana Trust on June 27, 2024. On August 29, 2025, the Trust changed its name from 21Shares Core Solana Trust to 21Shares Solana ETF. The Trust operates pursuant to an Amended and Restated Trust Agreement (the "Trust Agreement"). CSC Delaware Trust Company, a Delaware trust company, is the trustee of the Trust (the "Trustee"). The Trust is managed and controlled by 21Shares US LLC (the "Sponsor"). The Sponsor is a limited liability company formed in the state of Delaware on June 16, 2021, and is a wholly owned subsidiary of 21co Holdings Limited. The ultimate parent company of 21co Holdings Limited is FalconX Holdings Limited ("FalconX"). Coinbase Custody Trust Company, LLC ("Coinbase"), BitGo Bank & Trust, N.A. ("BitGo") and Anchorage Digital Bank ("Anchorage", and, together with Coinbase and BitGo, as the context may require, the "Solana Custodians", "Custodians" and each a "Solana Custodian") are the custodians for the Trust and hold all of the Trust's solana on the Trust's behalf. The transfer agent (the "Transfer Agent"), the administrator for the Trust (the "Administrator"), and the cash custodian (the "Cash Custodian"), is Bank of New York Mellon.

The Trust is an exchange-traded fund ("ETF") that issues common shares of beneficial interest (the "Shares") that trade on the Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc. (the "Exchange"). The Shares are listed for trading on the Exchange under the ticker symbol "TSOL".

The Trust's investment objective is to seek to track the performance of solana as measured by the performance of the CME CF Solana-Dollar Reference Rate -- New York Variant (the "Pricing Benchmark"), adjusted for the Trust's expenses and other liabilities, and to reflect rewards from staking a portion of the Trust's solana, to the extent the Sponsor in its sole discretion determines that the Trust may do so without undue legal or regulatory risk, such as, without limitation, the risk of jeopardizing the Trust's ability to qualify as a grantor trust for tax purposes. CF Benchmarks Ltd. is the administrator for the Pricing Benchmark (the "Pricing Benchmark Provider"). The Pricing Benchmark is designed to reflect the performance of solana in U.S. dollars. In seeking to achieve its investment objective, the Trust holds solana at its Custodians and values its Shares daily based on the Pricing Benchmark.

The Trust is an "emerging growth company" as that term is used in the Securities Act, and, as such, the Trust may elect to comply with certain reduced public company reporting requirements.

On September 17, 2025, the Sponsor, in its capacity as seed capital investor (the "Seed Capital Investor"), subject to conditions, purchased two Shares at a per-Share price of $50.00 (the "Initial Seed Shares"). Total proceeds to the Trust from the sale of these Initial Seed Shares were $100. Delivery of the Seed Shares was made on September 17, 2025.

On October 1, 2025, the Sponsor, in its capacity as Seed Capital Investor, purchased Baskets comprising 20,000 Shares (the "Seed Creation Baskets"). In its capacity as the Seed Capital Investor, the Sponsor has acted as a statutory underwriter in connection with such purchase. The total proceeds to the Trust from the sale of the Seed Creation Baskets were $439,859. On October 1, 2025, the Trust purchased solana with the proceeds of the Seed Creation Baskets by transacting with a designated third party, who may be an Authorized Participant or an affiliate of an Authorized Participant, and with whom the Sponsor has entered into an agreement on behalf of the Trust (each such third party, a "Solana Counterparty") to acquire solana on behalf of the Trust in exchange for cash provided by the Sponsor in its capacity as Seed Capital Investor. All solana acquired in connection with the Seed Creation Baskets is held by the one or more of the Custodians. The residual amount from the capital contribution received in advance and proceeds from the purchase of the Seed Creation Baskets was returned to the Sponsor on October 2, 2025.

The statements of assets and liabilities and schedules of investment on March 31, 2026, and the statement of operations, and changes in net assets for the three months ended March 31, 2026 have been prepared on behalf of the Trust and are unaudited. In the opinion of management of the Sponsor of the Trust, all adjustments (which include normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the financial position and results of operations for the period three months ended March 31, 2026, have been made. In addition, interim period results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full-year period.

The fiscal year-end of the Trust is December 31st.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP" or "GAAP").

The Trust qualifies as an investment company solely for accounting purposes and not for any other purpose and follows the accounting and reporting guidance under the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 946, Financial Services - Investment Companies, but is not registered, and is not required to be registered, as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). The Trust uses fair value as its method of accounting for solana in accordance with its classification as an investment company for accounting purposes.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires the Trust to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ materially from such estimates as additional information becomes available or actual amounts may become determinable. Should actual results differ from those previously recognized, the recorded estimates will be revised accordingly with the impact reflected in the operating results of the Trust in the reporting period in which they become known.

Cash

Cash includes non-interest bearing, non-restricted cash maintained with one financial institution that does not exceed U.S. federally insured limits.

Investment Valuation

US GAAP defines fair value as the price the Trust would receive to sell an asset or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Trust's policy is to value investments held at fair value.

The Trust identifies and determines the solana principal market (or in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market) for GAAP purposes consistent with the application of the fair value measurement framework in FASB ASC 820 — Fair Value Measurement. A principal market is the market with the greatest volume and activity level for the asset or liability. The determination of the principal market will be based on the market with the greatest volume and level of activity that can be accessed. The Trust obtains relevant volume and level of activity information and based on initial analysis will select an exchange market as the Trust's principal market. The net asset value ("NAV") and NAV per Share will be calculated using the fair value of solana based on the price provided by this exchange market, as of 4:00 p.m. ET on the measurement date for GAAP purposes. The Trust will update its principal market analysis periodically and as needed to the extent that events have occurred, or activities have changed in a manner that could change the Sponsor's determination of the Trust's principal market.

Various inputs are used in determining the fair value of assets and liabilities. Inputs may be based on independent market data ("observable inputs"), or they may be internally developed ("unobservable inputs"). These inputs are categorized into a disclosure hierarchy consisting of three broad levels for financial reporting purposes. The level of a value determined for an asset or liability within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly, including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not considered to be active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means; and

Level 3: Unobservable inputs, including the Trust's assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments, where there is little or no market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date.

The following table presents information about the Trust's assets measured at fair value as of March 31, 2026 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2025:

	Amount at Fair Value	Fair Value Measurement Using		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)				
Assets				
Investment in solana	$ 2,877,478	$ 2,877,478	$ –	$ –

	Amount at Fair Value	Fair Value Measurement Using		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
December 31, 2025				
Assets				
Investment in solana	$ 5,770,226	$ 5,770,226	$ –	$ –

The cost basis of the investment in solana recorded by the Trust for financial reporting purposes is the fair value of solana at the time of purchase. The cost basis recorded by the Trust may differ from proceeds collected by the Authorized Participant from the sale of the corresponding Shares to investors.

Investment Transactions

The Trust considers investment transactions to be the receipt of solana for Share creations and the delivery of solana for Share redemptions or for payment of expenses in solana. The Trust records its investment transactions on a trade date basis and changes in fair value are reflected as net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation on investments and the net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation on Sponsor Fee payable. Realized gains and losses are calculated using the specific identification method. Realized gains and losses are recognized in connection with transactions including redemption of shares and settling obligations for the Sponsor Fee and the in-kind liabilities paid in connection to the Sponsor Fee in solana.

The Trust earns staking rewards by delegating a portion of its solana on the Solana Network's proof-of-stake consensus protocol. The Sponsor has entered into contractual arrangements with Coinbase Crypto Services, LLC ("Coinbase Crypto"), Figment Inc. ("Figment") and Twinstake Ltd ("Twinstake" and collectively with Coinbase Crypto and Figment, the "Staking Services Providers") to facilitate the staking of the Trust's solana. Each Staking Services Provider that generates staking rewards is entitled to compensation determined as a portion of the staking rewards, which is generally determined by a low single-digit percentage of the overall rewards amount (the "Staking Provider Consideration"). Staking rewards represent variable consideration based on a variety of factors such as the amount of the solana holdings the Trust has made available to the network, the staking yield, and other factors, for its contribution to the network. The Trust retains control of its solana throughout the staking process. The delegation of solana for staking purposes does not constitute a sale, transfer, or other derecognition event, as control of the solana is not transferred to the validator or Staking Services Provider. Staking rewards are recorded as staking income recognized at fair value when earned. Because the Trust is not the principal to the block validation service, it does not control the full output of the reward-generating activity, and instead receives net staking rewards, after the Staking Provider Consideration is deducted ("Staking Rewards"). The rewards owed or paid to the Staking Services Providers reduce the amount of staking rewards that are generated from the Trust's staking activities (the "Staking Activities") that are available in the assets of the Trust. As such, the Trust presents staking rewards on a net basis, reflecting only the portion of protocol rewards to which it is entitled. Staking Rewards are received in general daily at its Custodians' account, as earned. The unbonding period for staked solana can vary subject to the discretion of the Sponsor's request to unstake such assets. The Trust's staked solana is unable to be moved on the blockchain or traded during this period. Temporary lock-up periods or transfer restrictions from staking could limit the Trust's ability to meet redemptions. For the quarter ended March 31, 2026, the Trust staked an average of 42.03% of its solana holdings on a daily basis. For the period from November 19, 2025, when staking commenced, through December 31, 2025, the Trust staked an average of 56.17% of its solana holdings on a daily basis. As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Trust had staked 0.00% and 95.55%, respectively, of its solana holdings. The staked percentage as of any particular date, including at the end of a reporting period, may differ from the quarterly average.

In addition to staking rewards, validators on the Solana Network may earn block rewards, which are composed of transaction fees paid to the validator that produces and validates a block. Block rewards are not newly minted solana and are paid directly to validators, not to delegators. As the Trust delegates its solana to Staking Services Providers and does not operate as a validator, block rewards do not accrue to the Trust. Any block rewards generated through the Trust's Staking Activities are payable to the Sponsor and are therefore not recognized as income in the Trust's financial statements.

Distributions to Shareholders

The Trust pays cash distributions to Shareholders at least quarterly. Distributions are funded from staking rewards earned on the Trust's solana holdings. Staking Rewards are recognized as income by the Trust on a daily basis as they accrue and are reflected in the Trust's NAV prior to distribution.

Distributions to Shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date, which also serves as the record date. Shareholders of record as of the ex-dividend date are entitled to receive distributions paid on the applicable payment date. The amount of each distribution is based on the staking rewards actually earned by the Trust during the relevant period, net of the Staking Provider Consideration and the Staking Fee (as defined below). Distributions are reflected as a reduction of net assets as of the ex-dividend date.

The tax character of distributions is determined annually in accordance with U.S. federal income tax principles, which may differ from the treatment of such amounts for GAAP purposes. Any differences between the tax and book distributable amounts are reclassified within the components of net assets at year-end.

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Trust made cash distributions to shareholders derived from a portion of the solana received as Staking Rewards from the Trust's staking activities, including $114,074, or $0.316871 per Share, on February 13, 2026 and $6,106, or $0.016962 per Share on March 30, 2026, for aggregate distributions of $120,180 or $0.333833 per Share. The distributions reduced the Trust's solana holdings through the sale of solana to generate cash.

Calculation of NAV and NAV per Share

On each day other than when the Exchange is closed for regular trading (a "Business Day"), as soon as practicable after 4:00 p.m. ET, the NAV of the Trust is obtained by subtracting all accrued fees, expenses and other liabilities of the Trust from the fair value of the solana and other assets held by the Trust based on the Pricing Benchmark price. The Administrator computes the NAV per Share by dividing the NAV of the Trust by the number of Shares outstanding on the date the computation is made.

Federal Income Taxes

The Sponsor and the Trustee will treat the Trust as a "grantor trust" for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a grantor trust, the Trust can undertake only certain types of activities. For example, generally, the Trust cannot vary its investment portfolio to take advantage of market fluctuations. The Trust may receive income from investment activities that do not require such decision-making. If staking is treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a passive ministerial and administrative activity, it should be permissible for the Trust. To that end, on November 10, 2025, the Treasury Department and IRS issued a revenue procedure that provided a safe harbor for trusts that otherwise qualify as investment trusts and as grantor trusts to stake their digital assets without jeopardizing their tax status as investment trusts and grantor trusts for U.S. federal income tax purposes. The revenue procedure provides specific requirements that must be satisfied by a Trust in order to be eligible to rely on the safe harbor. The Trust intends to operate so that it will qualify to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a grantor trust.

Because the treatment of staking in a grantor trust, including interpretation of the requirements under the safe harbor, is still developing, there remains a risk of adverse regulatory or legal determinations that could affect the tax treatment of the Trust as a grantor trust or affect the Trust's operations.

Each beneficial owner of Shares will be treated as directly owning its pro rata Share of the Trust's assets and will be treated as if it directly received a pro rata portion of the Trust's income, gain, losses and deductions. If the Trust sells solana (for example, to pay fees or expenses), such a sale is a taxable event to shareholders of the Trust ("Shareholders"). Upon a Shareholder's sale of its Shares, the Shareholder will be treated as having sold the pro rata share of the solana held in the Trust at the time of the sale and recognizes gain or loss on such sale. The Sponsor has reviewed the tax positions as of March 31, 2026, and December 31, 2025 has determined that no provision for income tax is required in the Trust's financial statements.

Segment Reporting

The Trust operates in one segment. The segment derives its revenues from Trust investments made in accordance with the defined investment strategy of the Trust, as prescribed in the Trust's prospectus. The Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") is the Chief Executive Officer of the Sponsor. The CODM monitors the operating results of the Trust. The financial information that the CODM leverages to assess the segment's performance and to make decisions for the Trust's single segment, is consistent with the financial information that is presented within the Trust's financial statements. Segment assets are reflected on the accompanying Statements of Assets and Liabilities as Total assets and the only significant segment expenses, the Sponsor Fee and the Staking Fee, are included in the accompanying Statement of Operations.

3. Fair Value of solana

The following represents the changes in quantity of solana and the fair value for the three months ended on March 31, 2026 (Unaudited):

	Quantity of solana	Fair Value
Beginning balance as of January 1, 2026	46,545.3446	$ 5,770,226
Solana purchased for contributions	4,031.7340	311,008
Solana rewards received (net of Staking Provider Consideration)	194.2970	22,488
Solana sold for redemptions	(14,098.8377)	(1,742,355)
Solana sold to pay expenses and block rewards received	(291.7723)	(34,951)
Solana sold for income distribution	(1,552.8979)	(120,180)
Net realized loss on investment in solana sold to pay Sponsor Fee	–	(3,801)
Net realized loss on in-kind liabilities paid	–	(1,943)
Net realized loss on investment in solana sold for income distribution	–	(86,471)
Net realized loss on investment in solana sold for redemptions	–	(232,315)
Net change in unrealized depreciation on investment in solana	–	(1,004,228)
Ending balance as of March 31, 2026	34,827.8677	$ 2,877,478

* No comparative table has been provided as the Trust did not have any operations as of March 31, 2025.

4. Trust Expenses

The Trust pays the unitary Sponsor fee of 0.21% of the Trust's NAV (the "Sponsor Fee"). The Sponsor Fee is paid by the Trust to the Sponsor as compensation for services performed under the Trust Agreement. The Sponsor Fee accrues daily and is payable in solana weekly in arrears. The Administrator calculates the Sponsor Fee on a daily basis by applying an annualized rate to the Trust's NAV, and the amount of solana payable in respect of each daily accrual is determined by reference to the Pricing Benchmark. The Sponsor has agreed to pay all operating expenses (except for litigation expenses and other extraordinary expenses) out of the Sponsor Fee. The Trust incurred Sponsor Fees for the quarter ended March 31, 2026, of $2,028. The accrued liability as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, was $964 and $8,334, respectively.

As partial consideration for receipt of the Sponsor Fee, the Sponsor shall assume and pay all fees and other expenses incurred by the Trust in the ordinary course of its affairs, excluding taxes, but including (i) the fee payable to the marketing agent for services it provides to the Trust (the "Marketing Fee"), (ii) fees to the Administrator, if any, (iii) fees to the Solana Custodians, (iv) fees to the Transfer Agent, (v) fees to the Trustee, (vi) the fees and expenses related to any future listing, trading or quotation of the Shares on any listing exchange or quotation system (including legal, marketing and audit fees and expenses), (vii) ordinary course legal fees and expenses but not litigation-related expenses, (viii) audit fees, (ix) regulatory fees, including, if applicable, any fees relating to the registration of the Shares under the Securities Act, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), (x) printing and mailing costs, (xi) costs of maintaining the Sponsor's website and (xii) applicable license fees (each, a "Sponsor-paid Expense," and together, the "Sponsor-paid Expenses"), provided that any expense that qualifies as an Additional Trust Expense will be deemed to be an Additional Trust Expense and not a Sponsor-paid Expense. There is currently no predetermined cap on the aggregate amount of Sponsor-paid expenses. Should the Trust implement a predetermined cap on aggregate Sponsor-paid expenses, the Trust will notify the owners of the beneficial interests of Shares in a prospectus supplement or in its periodic Exchange Act reports, as applicable.

The Sponsor will not, however, assume certain extraordinary, non-recurring expenses that are not Sponsor-paid Expenses, including, but not limited to, taxes and governmental charges, expenses and costs of any extraordinary services performed by the Sponsor (or any other service provider) on behalf of the Trust to protect the Trust or the interests of Shareholders, any indemnification of the Custodians, Administrator or other agents, service providers or counter-parties of the Trust, the fees and expenses related to the listing, and extraordinary legal fees and expenses, including any legal fees and expenses incurred in connection with litigation, regulatory enforcement or investigation matters (collectively, "Additional Trust Expenses"). Of the Sponsor-paid Expenses, ordinary course legal fees and expenses shall be subject to a cap of $100,000 per annum. In the Sponsor's sole discretion, all or any portion of a Sponsor-paid Expense may be re-designated as an Additional Trust Expense, if among other reasons, the Sponsor determines that a Sponsor-paid Expense is an extraordinary, non-recurring expense of the Trust. The Trust shall not be responsible for paying any fees or expenses associated with the transfer of solana as needed to pay the Sponsor Fee or Additional Trust Expenses.

In consideration for the Sponsor's facilitation of staking, the Trust pays 10% of the staking rewards generated by the Trust's Staking Activities after deduction of the Staking Provider Consideration to the Sponsor ("Staking Fee") and retains the remainder. The Staking Fee is accrued in solana and converted to U.S. Dollars by reference to the Pricing Benchmark and is payable in solana weekly in arrears. The Trust incurred Staking Fees for the quarter ended March 31, 2026, of $2,336. The accrued liability as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, was $0 and $19,187, respectively.

To the extent that the Sponsor does not voluntarily assume expenses, they will be the responsibility of the Trust. The Sponsor also pays the costs of the Trust's organization and offering. The Trust is not obligated to repay any such costs related to the Trust's organization and offering paid by the Sponsor.

5. Creation and Redemption of Shares

The Trust creates and redeems Shares on a continuous basis but only in one or more Creation Baskets (other than in the case of the Initial Seed Shares) consisting of 10,000 Shares or multiples thereof at the NAV on the date of the creation or redemption. Only Authorized Participants, which are registered broker-dealers who have entered into written agreements with the Sponsor and the Administrator, can place orders.

Authorized Participants may purchase Shares in cash by depositing cash in the Trust's account with the Cash Custodian. This will cause the Sponsor, on behalf of the Trust, to automatically instruct a Solana Counterparty, to (i) purchase the amount of solana equivalent in value to the cash deposit amount associated with the order and (ii) deposit the resulting solana amount in the Trust's accounts with the Solana Custodians, resulting in the Transfer Agent crediting the applicable amount of Shares to the Authorized Participant. Authorized Participants may also purchase Shares in-kind. To purchase Shares in-kind, an Authorized Participant delivers or arranges for the delivery by such Authorized Participant's designee of, solana to the Trust's accounts with a Solana Custodian in exchange for Shares.

When such an Authorized Participant redeems its Shares in cash, the Sponsor, on behalf of the Trust will direct a Solana Custodian to transfer solana to a Solana Counterparty, who will sell the solana to be executed, in the Sponsor's reasonable efforts, at the Pricing Benchmark price used to calculate the Trust's NAV, taking into account any spread, commissions, or other trading costs and deposit the cash proceeds of such sale in the Trust's account with the Cash Custodian for settlement with the Authorized Participant. Any slippage incurred (including, but not limited to, any trading fees, spreads, or commissions), on a cash equivalent basis, will be the responsibility of the Authorized Participant and not of the Trust or Sponsor. Authorized Participants may also redeem Shares in-kind. When such an Authorized Participant redeems Shares in-kind, the Trust, through a Solana Custodian, will deliver solana to the Authorized Participant or its designee in exchange for Shares.

	Three Months ended March 31, 2026* (Unaudited)
Activity in Capital Shares:	
Shares issued	40,000
Shares redeemed	(140,000)
Net Change in Capital Shares	(100,000)

* No prior year comparative period presented as the Trust did not have any operations as of March 31, 2025.

	Three Months ended March 31, 2026* (Unaudited)
Activity in Capital Transactions:	
Contributions for shares issued	311,008
Distributions for shares redeemed	(1,742,355)
Net Change in Capital Transactions	(1,431,347)

Solana purchased payable represents the quantity of solana purchased for the creation of Shares or Staking Rewards where the solana has not yet settled. Generally, solana is transferred within two Business Days of the trade date.

	March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2025
Solana purchased payable	$ –	$ –

Solana sold receivable represents the quantity of solana sold for the redemption of Shares where the solana has not yet been settled. Generally, solana is transferred within two Business Days of the trade date.

	March 31, 2026 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2025
Solana sold receivable	$ –	$ –

6. Related Parties

The Sponsor is a related party to the Trust. The Trust's operations are supported by its Sponsor, who is in turn supported by its parent company and affiliated companies and external service providers.

As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Sponsor owned 20,000 Shares of the Trust.

The Sponsor arranged for the creation of the Trust and is responsible for the ongoing registration of the Shares for their public offering in the United States and the listing of Shares on the Exchange.

7. Financial Highlights*

Per Share Performance (for a Share outstanding throughout each period presented)	Three Months ended March 31, 2026* (Unaudited)
Net asset value per Share, beginning of period	$ 12.47
Net investment income (loss) on investment in solana[1]	0.05
Net realized and change in unrealized gain (loss) on investment in solana[2]	(4.20)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	(4.15)
Less Distributions From:	
Net Investment Income	(0.33)
Total Distributions	(0.33)
Net asset value per Share, end of period	$ 7.99
Total return, at net asset value[3]	(33.30)%
Ratio to average net assets[4]	
Net investment income (loss)	1.95%
Gross expenses	0.45%
Net expenses	0.45%

* No prior year comparative financial statements have been provided as the Trust did not have any operations as of March 31, 2025.

(1) Calculated using average Shares outstanding method.

(2) The amount shown for a Share outstanding throughout the period may not agree with the change in the aggregate gains and losses for such period because of the timing of sales and repurchases of the Trust's Shares in relation to fluctuating market value for the Trust.

(3) Total return is calculated based on the change in the value during the period and is not annualized. An individual shareholder's total return and ratio may vary from the above total returns and ratios based on the timing of contributions to and withdrawals from the Trust.

(4) Annualized.

8. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

In the normal course of business, the Trust may enter into contracts that contain a variety of general indemnification clauses. The Trust's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Trust which have not yet occurred and cannot be predicted with any certainty. However, the Sponsor believes the risk of loss under these arrangements to be remote.

9. Concentration Risk

Unlike other funds that may invest in diversified assets, the Trust's investment strategy is concentrated in a single asset within a single asset class. This concentration maximizes the degree of the Trust's exposure to a variety of market risks associated with solana and digital assets. By concentrating its investment strategy solely in solana, any losses suffered as a result of a decrease in the value of solana can be expected to reduce the value of an interest in the Trust and will not be offset by other gains if the Trust were to invest in underlying assets that were diversified.

10. Indemnification

The Sponsor will not be liable to the Trust, the Trustee or any Shareholder for any action taken or for refraining from taking any action in good faith, or for errors in judgment or for depreciation or loss incurred by reason of the sale of any solana or other assets of the Trust. However, the preceding liability exclusion will not protect the Sponsor against any liability resulting from its own gross negligence, bad faith, or willful misconduct.

The Sponsor and each of its shareholders, members, directors, officers, employees, affiliates, and subsidiaries will be indemnified by the Trust and held harmless against any losses, liabilities or expenses incurred in the performance of its duties under the Trust Agreement without gross negligence, bad faith, or willful misconduct. The Sponsor may rely in good faith on any paper, order, notice, list, affidavit, receipt, evaluation, opinion, endorsement, assignment, draft, or any other document of any kind prima facie properly executed and submitted to it by the Trustee, the Trustee's counsel or by any other person for any matters arising under the Trust Agreement. The Sponsor shall in no event be deemed to have assumed or incurred any liability, duty, or obligation to any Shareholder or to the Trustee other than as expressly provided for in the Trust Agreement. Such indemnity includes payment from the Trust of the costs and expenses incurred in defending against any indemnified claim or liability under the Trust Agreement.

The Trustee will not be liable or accountable to the Trust or any other person or under any agreement to which the Trust or any series of the Trust is a party, except for the Trustee's breach of its obligations pursuant to the Trust Agreement or its own willful misconduct, bad faith or gross negligence. The Trustee and each of the Trustee's officers, affiliates, directors, employees, and agents will be indemnified by the Trust from and against any losses, claims, taxes, damages, reasonable expenses, and liabilities incurred with respect to the creation, operation or termination of the Trust, the execution, delivery or performance of the Trust Agreement or the transactions contemplated thereby; provided that the indemnified party acted without willful misconduct, bad faith or gross negligence.

11. Subsequent Events

The Trust has evaluated all subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through the issuance of the financial statements and has noted no events requiring adjustment or additional disclosure in the financial statements.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes included in Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-Q. This Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act, *and such forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. All statements (other than statements of historical fact) included in this Form 10-Q that address activities, events or developments that may occur in the future, the Trust's operations, the Sponsor's plans and references to the Trust's future success and other similar matters are forward-looking statements. Words such as "could," "would," "may," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "predict," and variations on such words or negatives thereof, and similar expressions that reflect our current views with respect to future events and Trust performance, are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are only predictions, subject to risks and uncertainties that are difficult to predict and many of which are outside of our control, and actual results could differ materially from those discussed. Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed therein. We express our estimates, expectations, beliefs, and projections in good faith and believe them to have a reasonable basis. However, we make no assurances that management's estimates, expectations, beliefs, or projections will be achieved or accomplished. These forward-looking statements are based on assumptions about many important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. We do not intend to update any forward-looking statements even if new information becomes available or other events occur in the future, except as required by the federal securities law*s.

Organization and Trust Overview

The Trust is a Delaware statutory trust, formed on June 3, 2024, pursuant to the DSTA. The Trust operates pursuant to the Trust Agreement. The Trust is not registered as an investment company under the 1940 Act and is not a commodity pool for purposes of the Commodity Exchange Act. The Trust is managed and controlled by the Sponsor. The Sponsor is a limited liability company formed in the state of Delaware on June 16, 2021, and is a wholly owned subsidiary of 21co Holdings Limited. The ultimate parent company of 21co Holdings Limited is FalconX. The Sponsor is not subject to regulation by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission as a commodity pool operator with respect to the Trust, or a commodity trading advisor with respect to the Trust. The Trust is an exchange-traded fund that issues common shares of beneficial interest representing fractional undivided beneficial interests in its net assets that trade on the Exchange. The Shares are listed for trading on the Exchange under the ticker symbol "TSOL".

The Sponsor served as the "Seed Capital Investor" to the Trust. On September 17, 2025, the Sponsor, in its capacity as Seed Capital Investor, subject to conditions, purchased the Initial Seed Shares at a per-Share price of $50.00. Total proceeds to the Trust from the sale of these Initial Seed Shares were $100. Delivery of the Seed Shares was made on September 17, 2025.

The Trust's investment objective is to seek to track the performance of solana, as measured by the performance of the Pricing Benchmark, adjusted for the Trust's expenses and other liabilities, and to reflect rewards from staking a portion of the Trust's solana, to the extent the Sponsor in its sole discretion determines that the Trust may do so without undue legal or regulatory risk, such as, without limitation, the risk of jeopardizing the Trust's ability to qualify as a grantor trust for U.S. Federal income tax purposes. CF Benchmarks Ltd. is the Pricing Benchmark Provider. The Pricing Benchmark is designed to reflect the performance of solana in U.S. dollars. In seeking to achieve its investment objective, the Trust holds solana at its Custodians and values its Shares daily based on the Pricing Benchmark. The Trust is a passive investment vehicle and is not a leveraged product. The Sponsor does not actively manage the solana held by the Trust.

The Trust issues Shares only in Creation Baskets of 10,000 or multiples thereof. Creation Baskets are issued and redeemed in exchange for cash. Individual Shares will not be redeemed by the Trust but are listed and traded on the Exchange under the ticker symbol "TSOL". The Trust issues Shares in Creation Baskets on a continuous basis at the applicable NAV per Share on the creation order date.

The Trust pays the unitary Sponsor fee of 0.21% of the Trust's NAV (the "Sponsor Fee"). The Sponsor Fee is paid by the Trust to the Sponsor as compensation for services performed under the Trust Agreement. The Sponsor Fee accrues daily and is payable in solana weekly in arrears. The Administrator calculates the Sponsor Fee on a daily basis by applying an annualized rate to the Trust's NAV, and the amount of solana payable in respect of each daily accrual is determined by reference to the Pricing Benchmark. The Sponsor has agreed to pay all operating expenses (except for litigation expenses and other extraordinary expenses) out of the Sponsor Fee.

The Trust is an "emerging growth company" as that term is used in the Securities Act, and, as such, the Trust may elect to comply with certain reduced public company reporting requirements.

Calculation of NAV and NAV per Share

The NAV of the Trust is used by the Trust in its day-to-day operations to measure the net value of the Trust's assets. The NAV is calculated on each day other than a day when the Exchange is closed for regular trading (a "Business Day") and is equal to the aggregate value of the Trust's assets less its liabilities based on the Pricing Benchmark price. In determining the NAV of the Trust on any Business Day, the Administrator calculates the price of the solana held by the Trust as of 4:00 p.m. ET on such day. The Administrator also calculates the "NAV per Share" of the Trust, which equals the NAV of the Trust divided by the number of outstanding Shares.

In addition to calculating NAV and NAV per Share, for purposes of the Trust's financial statements, the Trust determines the net asset value of the Trust determined on a GAAP basis (the "Principal Market NAV") and net asset value of the Trust per Share determined on a GAAP basis (the "Principal Market NAV per Share") on each valuation date for such financial statements. The determination of the Principal Market NAV and Principal Market NAV per Share is identical to the calculation of NAV and NAV per Share, respectively, except that the value of solana is determined using the fair value of solana based on the price in the solana market that the Trust considers its "principal market" as of 4:00 p.m. ET on the valuation date, rather than using the Pricing Benchmark.

NAV and NAV per Share are not measures calculated in accordance with GAAP and are not intended as substitutes for Principal Market and Principal Market NAV per Share, respectively.

Staking

The Trust's staking model aims to maximize the portion of the Trust's solana available for staking while controlling for liquidity and redemption risks. The model determines an optimal utilization rate by balancing expected yield against potential costs (including borrowing costs during redemptions, assuming we have access to suitable credit).

The Staking Services Providers exercise no discretion as to the amount of the Trust's solana to be staked or the timing of the Trust's Staking Activities. While the Trust may stake a maximum of 100% of its solana holdings, the amount of solana that remains unstaked is determined based on the Trust's utilization rate analysis, and accordingly may vary from time to time. Based on utilization rate analysis applied to historical data, the Trust generally intends to stake between 70% and 90% of the solana it holds, although the amount of solana that is staked may be lesser or greater from time to time. The precise percentage to be staked is based on the estimated liquidity needs of the Trust and other factors, as determined by the Sponsor.

The rewards owed or paid to the Staking Services Provider reduces the amount of solana rewards that are generated from the Trust's Staking Activities that are available in the assets of the Trust. Each Staking Services Provider that generates staking rewards is entitled to compensation determined as a portion of the staking rewards, which is generally determined by a low single-digit percentage of the overall rewards amount (the "Staking Provider Consideration"). The Staking Provider Consideration is paid directly to the Staking Services Provider from the staking rewards or indirectly through the Custodians' own accounts. The Trust pays 10% of the staking rewards generated by the Trust's Staking Activities after deduction of the Staking Provider Consideration to the Sponsor, and retains the remainder.

The Trust intends to pay cash distributions at least quarterly to Shareholders to distribute staking rewards earned by the Trust. The amount of any distribution, if any, will depend on the staking rewards actually earned by the Trust during each quarter and cannot be predicted with certainty. The amount of staking rewards earned will vary based on factors including, but not limited to, the amount of solana held by the Trust, the percentage of the Trust's solana that is staked, network staking participation rates, protocol reward rates on the Solana network, and network conditions. Accordingly, there can be no assurance as to the amount of distributions that will be paid in any quarter, and it is possible that no distributions will be paid in a given quarter if insufficient staking rewards are earned.

On the Solana network, in addition to staking rewards there are block rewards that are paid to validators. Block rewards are not newly minted solana from inflation but are composed of transaction fees, with half the fee being burned and the other half going to the validator who produces and validates the block. Validators also earn through inflation rewards for securing the network and may receive additional revenue from MEV. Validators are paid immediately upon block production, and delegators receive their share of rewards from the validator they stake with, usually at the end of an epoch. As such, block rewards and transaction fees are not considered staking rewards and will not accrete to the Trust.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The financial statements and accompanying notes are prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements relies on estimates and assumptions that impact the Trust's financial position and results of operations. These estimates and assumptions affect the Trust's application of accounting policies. Below is a summary of accounting policies on cash and investment valuation. There were no material estimates involving a significant level of estimation uncertainty that had or are reasonably likely to have had a material impact on the Trust's financial condition used in the preparation of the financial statements. In addition, please refer to Note 2 to the Financial Statements included in this report for further discussion of the Trust's accounting policies.

Cash

Cash includes non-interest bearing, non-restricted cash maintained with one financial institution that does not exceed U.S. federally insured limits.

Investment Valuation

The Trust's policy is to value investments held at fair value. The Trust follows the provisions of ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 provides guidance for determining fair value and requires increased disclosure regarding the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. ASC 820 determines fair value to be the price that would be received for solana in a current sale, which assumes an exit price resulting from an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC 820-10 requires the assumption that solana is sold in its principal market to market participants (or in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market).

The Trust utilizes an exchange traded price from the Trust's principal market for solana as of 4:00 p.m. ET on the Trust's financial statement measurement date.

Results of Operations

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2026*

The Trust's NAV decreased from $5,735,019 on December 31, 2025 to $2,876,514 on March 31, 2026, a 33.30% decrease. The decrease in the Trust's NAV resulted primarily from a decrease in the price of solana, which decreased 33.32% from $123.97 on December 31, 2025 to $82.66 on March 31, 2026. The decrease was further amplified by a net decrease in outstanding Shares from 460,000 on December 31, 2025 to 360,000 on March 31, 2026, as a result of 40,000 Shares (4 Baskets) being created and 140,000 Shares (14 Baskets) being redeemed during the quarter. During the quarter, the Trust staked an average of 42.03% of its solana holdings, though 0.00% was staked as of March 31, 2026.

Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2026 was $(1,306,978), resulting from a net change in unrealized depreciation on investment in solana of $(1,004,228), a net realized loss of $(232,315) from solana sold for redemptions, a net realized loss of $(86,471) from solana sold for income distribution, a net realized loss of $(3,801) from solana sold to pay the Sponsor Fee, and a net realized loss of $(1,943) on in-kind liabilities paid, partially offset by net investment income of $18,991 and a net change in unrealized appreciation on Sponsor Fee payable of $2,789. Net investment income comprised Staking Rewards of $23,355 less the Sponsor Fee of $2,028 and the Staking Fee of $2,336. In addition to operations, the Trust paid a staking income distribution of $120,180 to Shareholders during the quarter. Other than the Sponsor Fee and Staking Fee, the Trust had no other expenses during the quarter.

* No prior year comparative period has been provided as the Trust did not have any operations as of March 31, 2025.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Trust is not aware of any trends, demands, commitments, events, or uncertainties that are reasonably likely to result in material changes to its liquidity needs. The Trust's ordinary recurring expenses are the Sponsor Fee and the Staking Fee. In exchange for the Sponsor Fee, the Sponsor has agreed to assume the ordinary fees and expenses incurred by the Trust, including but not limited to the following: fees charged by the Administrator, the Custodians, the Transfer Agent and the Trustee, the Marketing Fee, the Exchange's listing fees, typical maintenance and transaction fees of the Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), SEC registration fees, printing and mailing costs, website fees, tax reporting fees, audit fees, license fees and expenses, up to $100,000 per annum in ordinary legal fees and expenses. The Sponsor bears expenses in connection with the Trust's organization and initial offering costs.

The Sponsor is not required to pay any extraordinary or non-routine expenses. Extraordinary expenses are fees and expenses which are unexpected or unusual in nature, such as legal claims and liabilities and litigation costs or indemnification or other unanticipated expenses. Extraordinary fees and expenses also include material expenses which are not currently anticipated obligations of the Trust. The Trust will be responsible for the payment of such expenses to the extent any such expenses are incurred. Routine operational, administrative, and other ordinary expenses are not deemed extraordinary expenses. The Trust will sell solana on an as-needed basis to pay the Sponsor Fee.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Trust does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risks

The Trust is a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and is not required to provide the information otherwise required under this item.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The duly authorized officers of the Sponsor performing functions equivalent to those a principal executive officer and principal financial officer of the Trust would perform if the Trust had any officers, have evaluated the effectiveness of the Trust's disclosure controls and procedures, and have concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures of the Trust were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports that the Trust files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the applicable rules and forms, and that it is accumulated and communicated to the duly authorized officers of the Sponsor performing functions equivalent to those a principal executive officer and principal financial officer of the Trust would perform if the Trust had any officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During the quarter ended March 31, 2026, there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f) promulgated under the Exchange Act, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION:

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, the Trust may be a party to certain legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business. As of March 31, 2026, the Trust was not subject to any material legal proceedings, nor, to our knowledge, are any material legal proceeding threatened against the Trust.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

You should carefully consider the risk factors discussed below as well as the risk factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. Other than as described herein, there have been no material changes in our risk factors from those disclosed in our 2025 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The risks described below and in our Annual Report are not the only risks facing the Trust. You should also consider any risks and uncertainties described under the caption "Risk Factors" in any applicable prospectus, prospectus supplement, registration statement or other document that we file with the SEC before or after the date of this prospectus that is incorporated by reference herein. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

The Trust Agreement includes a provision restricting Shareholders' right to bring a derivative action.

Under Section 7.4 of the Trust Agreement, Shareholders' statutory right under Delaware law to bring a derivative action (i.e., to initiate a lawsuit in the name of the Trust in order to assert a claim belonging to the Trust against a fiduciary of the Trust or against a third-party when the Trust's management has refused to do so) is restricted. Under Delaware law, a shareholder may bring a derivative action if the shareholder is a shareholder at the time the action is brought and either (i) was a shareholder at the time of the transaction at issue or (ii) acquired the status of shareholder by operation of law or the Trust's governing instrument from a person who was a shareholder at the time of the transaction at issue. Additionally, Section 3816(e) of the Delaware Statutory Trust Act specifically provides that a "beneficial owner's right to bring a derivative action may be subject to such additional standards and restrictions, if any, as are set forth in the governing instrument of the statutory trust, including, without limitation, the requirement that beneficial owners owning a specified beneficial interest in the statutory trust join in the bringing of the derivative action." In addition to the requirements of applicable law and in accordance with Section 3816(e) of the Delaware Statutory Trust Act, the Trust Agreement provides that no Shareholder will have the right, power or authority to bring or maintain a derivative action, suit or other proceeding on behalf of the Trust unless two or more Shareholders who are eligible to bring such derivative action under the Delaware Trust Statute and who (i) are not "Affiliates" (as defined in the Trust Agreement and below) of one another and (ii) collectively hold at least 10% of the outstanding Shares join in the bringing or maintaining of such action, suit or other proceeding. "Affiliate" means (i) any Person directly or indirectly owning, controlling or holding with power to vote 10% or more of the outstanding voting securities of such Person, (ii) any Person 10% or more of whose outstanding voting securities are directly or indirectly owned, controlled or held with power to vote by such Person, (iii) any Person, directly or indirectly, controlling, controlled by or under common control of such Person, (iv) any employee, officer, director, member, manager or partner of such Person, or (v) if such Person is an employee, officer, director, member, manager or partner, any Person for which such Person acts in any such capacity; and "Person" means any natural person and any partnership, limited liability company, statutory trust, corporation, association, or other legal entity.

In addition to the 10% ownership threshold described above, the Trust Agreement imposes the following further procedural conditions on any Shareholder seeking to bring a derivative action on behalf of the Trust: (1) prior to bringing any such action, two or more non-affiliated Shareholders collectively holding at least 10% of the outstanding Shares must first make a pre-suit demand upon the Sponsor to bring the subject action, unless an effort to cause the Sponsor to bring such an action is not likely to succeed (a demand shall only be deemed not likely to succeed, and therefore excused, if the Sponsor has a personal financial interest in the transaction at issue, and the Sponsor shall not be deemed interested in a transaction or otherwise disqualified from ruling on the merits of a Shareholder demand by virtue of the fact that the Sponsor receives remuneration for his or her service as Sponsor of the Trust or as a trustee or director of one or more trusts that are under common management with or otherwise affiliated with the Trust); and (2) unless a demand is excused pursuant to clause (1) of this paragraph, the Sponsor must be afforded a reasonable amount of time to consider such Shareholder request and to investigate the basis of such claim and the Sponsor shall be entitled to retain counsel or other advisors in considering the merits of the request, and the Sponsor shall require an undertaking by the Shareholders making such request to reimburse the Trust for the expense of any such advisor in the event the Sponsor determines not to take action. Any decision by the Sponsor to bring, maintain, or compromise (or not to bring, maintain, or compromise) any such court action, proceeding or claim, or to submit the matter to a vote of Shareholders, shall be made by the Sponsor in good faith and shall be binding upon the Shareholders. In addition to claims that must be brought derivatively under applicable law, the Trust Agreement requires that any claim affecting all Shareholders of the Trust proportionately, based on their number of Shares of the Trust, must also be brought as a derivative claim subject to these conditions, regardless of whether such claim involves a violation of a Shareholder's rights under the Trust Agreement or any other alleged violation of contractual or individual rights that might otherwise give rise to a direct claim (and regardless, in each case, of whether such claims sound in tort, fraud or otherwise, or are based on common law, statutory, equitable, legal or other grounds).

These provisions apply to any derivative actions brought in the name of the Trust other than derivative claims brought under the federal U.S. securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. The enforceability of Section 7.04's derivative action threshold and procedural requirements under applicable federal or state law has not been definitively established. The 10% ownership threshold and procedural requirements represent contractual restrictions on derivative actions authorized by Section 3816(e) of the Delaware Statutory Trust Act, which expressly permits trust instruments to modify or restrict the rights of beneficial owners to bring derivative actions. However, the application of such a threshold in the context of a registered exchange-traded product has not been comprehensively addressed by the courts. Accordingly, it is possible that a court could decline to enforce the Trust's 10% threshold and procedural requirements.

A Shareholder wishing to bring a derivative action on behalf of the Trust must satisfy both the 10% ownership threshold and the pre-suit demand process described above before commencing any such action, suit or other proceeding, further limiting the ability of a Shareholder to seek redress in the name of the Trust. Due to these additional requirements, a Shareholder attempting to bring or maintain a derivative action in the name of the Trust will be required to locate other Shareholders with which it is not affiliated and that have sufficient Shares to meet the 10% threshold based on the number of Shares outstanding on the date the claim is brought and thereafter throughout the duration of the action, suit or proceeding. Shareholders wishing to satisfy this ownership threshold would need to identify and coordinate with other Shareholders of the Trust. Because the Trust's Shares are held in book-entry form through the DTC and beneficial ownership information is not publicly available, individual investors may face substantial difficulty in locating other Shareholders. There is no mechanism established by the Trust to facilitate such shareholder coordination, and the Trust is not required to assist Shareholders in identifying one another. Accordingly, even Shareholders who believe they have a legitimate derivative claim may, as a practical matter, be unable to satisfy the 10% threshold and bring an action. Even if successful, this may be difficult and may result in increased costs to a Shareholder attempting to seek redress in the name of the Trust in court.

Moreover, if Shareholders bringing a derivative action, suit or proceeding pursuant to this provision of the Trust Agreement do not hold 10% of the outstanding Shares on the date such an action, suit or proceeding is brought, or such Shareholders are unable to maintain Share ownership meeting the 10% threshold throughout the duration of the action, suit or proceeding, such Shareholders' derivative action may be subject to dismissal. As a result, the Trust Agreement limits the likelihood that a Shareholder will be able to successfully assert a derivative action in the name of the Trust, even if such Shareholder believes that he or she has a valid derivative action, suit or other proceeding to bring on behalf of the Trust.

Because the Trust's Shares are held in book-entry form through DTC, the beneficial owners of Shares are generally not reflected on the Trust's share register. Accordingly, any shareholder or group of Shareholders seeking to establish that they collectively hold at least 10% of the outstanding Shares must provide documentary evidence of their beneficial ownership as of the date of the derivative demand. Acceptable evidence may include broker statements, DTC participant confirmations, account statements from a registered broker-dealer or bank that is a DTC participant, or such other documentation as the Trust may reasonably require.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

a) None.

b) Not applicable.

c) The Trust does not purchase Shares directly from its Shareholders. In connection with its redemption of Creation Baskets held by Authorized Participants, the Trust redeemed 14 Creation Baskets (comprising 140,000 Shares) during the quarter ended March 31, 2026. The following table summarizes the redemptions of Shares by Authorized Participants during the period:

Period	Total Shares Redeemed	Average Price Per Share	Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased
January 1, 2026 – January 31, 2026	90,000	$ 13.77	N/A
February 1, 2026 – February 28, 2026	50,000	$ 10.06	N/A
March 1, 2026 - March 31, 2026	-	$ -	N/A

Market Information

The Shares are listed on the Exchange under the symbol "TSOL" and have been listed since November 19, 2025.

Holders

As of March 31, 2026, there was approximately one DTC participating shareholder of record of the Trust. Because most of the Trust's Shares are held by brokers and other institutions on behalf of shareholders, we are unable to estimate the total number of shareholders represented by these record holders.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

No officers or directors of the Sponsor have adopted, modified or terminated trading plans under either a Rule 10b5-1 or non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement (as such terms are defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K of the Securities Act) for the quarter ended March 31, 2026.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Listed below are the exhibits, which are filed as part of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q (according to the number assigned to them in Item 601 of Regulation S-K):

Exhibit Number	Description of Document
3.1[(2)]	Trust Agreement.
3.2[(3)]	Amendment No. 1 to Trust Agreement
3.3[(4)]	Amended and Restated Trust Agreement.
3.4[(2)]	Certificate of Trust.
3.5[(2)]	Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Trust.
3.6[(3)]	Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Trust.
10.1[(5)]	Staking Agreement dated as of February 4, 2026 between Figment Inc. and the Trust.
10.2[(5)]	Non-Custodial Staking Services Agreement dated as of February 4, 2026 among Twinstake Ltd., the Trust and 21Shares Ethereum ETF.
31.1[(1)]	Certification by Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2[(1)]	Certification by Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1[(1)]	Certification by Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2[(1)]	Certification by Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

(1) Filed herewith.
(2) Incorporated by reference to the Trust's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed on June 28, 2024.
(3) Incorporated by reference to the Trust's Amendment No. 4 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed on September 29, 2025.
(4) Incorporated by reference to the Trust's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, filed on December 31, 2025.
(5) Incorporated by reference to the Trust's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on February 10, 2026.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

21Shares Solana ETF

By: 21Shares US LLC, its Sponsor

By: /s/ Russell Barlow
Russell Barlow
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: May 15, 2026

By: /s/ Duncan Moir
Duncan Moir
President (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

Date: May 15, 2026

Exhibit 31.1

Certification by Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Russell Barlow, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of 21Shares Solana ETF;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

   (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

   (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

   (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

   (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

   (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

   (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 15, 2026

By /s/ Russell Barlow
Name: Russell Barlow
Title: Chief Executive Officer
21Shares US LLC,
Sponsor of 21Shares Solana ETF

Exhibit 31.2

Certification by Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Duncan Moir, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of 21Shares Solana ETF;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

   (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

   (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

   (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

   (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

   (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

   (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 15, 2026

By /s/ Duncan Moir
Name: Duncan Moir
Title: President
21Shares US LLC,
Sponsor of 21Shares Solana ETF

Exhibit 32.1

Certification by Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 (the "Report") of 21Shares Solana ETF (the "Registrant"), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, Russell Barlow, the Chief Executive Officer of 21Shares US LLC, Sponsor of the Registrant, hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Date: May 15, 2026

By /s/ Russell Barlow
Name: Russell Barlow
Title: Chief Executive Officer
21Shares US LLC,
Sponsor of 21Shares Solana ETF

Exhibit 32.2

Certification by Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 (the "Report") of 21Shares Solana ETF (the "Registrant"), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, Duncan Moir, the President of 21Shares US LLC, Sponsor of the Registrant, hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Date: May 15, 2026

By /s/ Duncan Moir
Name: Duncan Moir
Title: President
21Shares US LLC,
Sponsor of 21Shares Solana ETF